

Unit 10 A WORKING LIFE

Lessons 1&2

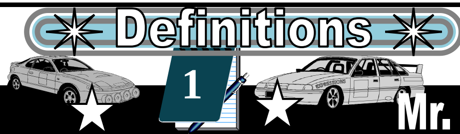
Vocabulary

working life	حياة العمل	text	نص	university	جامعة
different	مختلف	person	شخص	van	عربة نقل
the same	نفس الشئ	get better	يتحسن	few x many	قليل X كثير
Talk-ed	يتحدث	in order to	لكى	ill= patient	مريض
break	فسحة	things	أشياء	parents	والدين
mobile	متحرك - متنقل	something	شئ ما	wait-ed	ينتظر
health clinic	عيادة صحية	work with	يعمل مع	good news	أخبار جيدة
the past hour	الساعة الماضية	underline	يضع خط تحت كلمة	give medicine	يعطى دواء
driver	سائق	still	ما زال	do an operation	يقوم بإجراء عملية
team	فريق	rain	مطر - تمطر	children	أطفال
far away	بعيداً	all day	طوال اليوم	health	صحة
teach about	يعلّم عن	garden	حديقة	village	قرية
examine-d	يفحص	wet	مبتل - مطير	look tired	يبدو متعبا
medicine	دواء	travel-ed	يسافر	minute	دقيقة
equipment	معدات	Study-ied	يذاكر	ambulance	إسعاف
operations	عمليات	test	اختبار	all morning	طوال الصباح
		go well	تسير بشكل جيد		

Conjugation of Verbs

	present	Past	P . P		Present	Past	P . P
يفعل	do	did	done	يعلم	teach	taught	taught
يأخذ	take	took	taken	يخبر	tell	Told	told
يعطى	give	gave	given				

Definitions



01201348296 Mr. Ibrahim Sultan

ambulance	إسعاف	a van that takes sick people to hospital.
patient	مريض	a person that a doctor is helping to get better.
operation	عملية	when doctors cut a person open to help them get better.
equipment	معدات	things that people use in order to do something.



Read about two doctors? What is the same about their work? What is different?

My name's Dr Aziz. I work in a mobile health clinic. The clinic is in a van. We've got two nurses, two doctors and a driver in our team. We've been doing this job for five years. I really enjoy it. Some people live in villages far away from a doctor or a hospital, so we visit the villages twice a month. We examine people and give them medicine if they are ill. We haven't got the equipment to do big operations in the van. If a patient is very ill, we can call an ambulance to take them to hospital. We also visit schools and teach children about their health.

I'm Dr Gamila. I work at a big hospital in Cairo. I finished studying at university six months ago, so I haven't been working here for very long. The hospital is very busy and today I started work at 6 a.m. It's very hard work, but I love my job. For the past hour, I've been talking to the patients. I've just visited a child who had an operation a few hours ago. It went very well. Her parents have been waiting to see her, so I'm going to tell them the good news.

Answer these questions:

1. How many people does Dr Aziz work with?.......................................
2. Why does the mobile health clinic visit schools?................................
3. When did Dr Gamila become a doctor?..
4. Who has Dr Gamila just visited? Why?...



Language Notes

1- far away from x near: قريب x بعيد عن

✪ I live far waay from school.

2- equipment (ليس لها جمع) معدات piece of equipment آداة

✪ We haven got the necessary equipment.

3- do operations يقوم بإجراء عمليات

✪ Doctors do many operations.

4- in a van فى شاحنة صغيرة

✪ The clinic is in a van.

5- call an ambulance: يتصل بالإسعاف

✪ Ibrahim called the ambulance yesterday to take his ill sister.

6- teach + مفعول+ about

✪ I'll teach you about science.

7- work at a big hospital يعمل فى مستشفى كبيرة

✪ Dr Ali works at abig hospital.

8- for very long لوقت طويل

✪ I haven't been working here for very long.

9- have(had) an operation تم إجراء عملية له

✪ Hassan had an operation yesterday.

Structure

The present perfect continuous tense

📖 يستخدم المضارع التام المستمر للتحدث عن أحداث بدأت فى الماضى و تستمر فى الوقت الحاضر.

♣ I have been reading a new book. (I'm still reading it. /haven 't finished it yet.)

♣She has been studying English for five years. (She is still studying it now.)

📖 يستخدم المضارع التام المستمر للتحدث عن أحداث بدأت فى الماضى و لها نتائج فى الوقت الحاضر.

♣It's been raining all day so the garden is very wet.

📖 يتكون المضارع التام المستمر من have / has (not) + been+ verb -ing.

♣We've been travelling for an hour.

♣My father's been working in the garden all morning.

♣What has he been reading?

♣ Have you been eating ice cream? Yes, / have. / No, / haven 't.



نصوص الاستماع فى نهاية المذكرة

1- Listen and choose the correct answer a , b , c or d:

1. Why does Khaled want to ask Mr Hamdi questions?

a. for his maths homework b. because he was absent
c. because he wants to be a teacher d. for his English homework

2.How long has Mr Hamdi been at the school?

a. two years b. three years c.our years d. ten years

3. When did Mr Hamdi start teaching?

a. two years ago b. ten years ago c. he doesn't say d. in 1998

2-Listen and answer the following questions:

1. What has the boy been doing for a month?
2. Why does he want to become faster?
3. What should he do?

3- Complete the following dialogue:

Hamdi: Hello.(1)……………… have you been doing?
Fareed: I've been reading your book – it's great.
Hamdi: Have you (2)……………. enjoying it?
Fareed: Sure.
Hamdi: What (3) .... of books do you like?
Fareed: I (4)…………books about history.

4_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

a) **Ahmed : What have you been doing in summer, Amira?**
Amira : ....

b) **Mona : .... ?**
Rahma : I finished studying at university six months ago.

5-Read the following , then answer the questions :

Ahmed Zewail was born in 1946 in Egypt where he grew up. He went to Alexandria University. He finished his studies in the United states in 1974. After this , Dr Zewail worked at the University of California. In 1976 , he became a professor at California institute of Technology. In 1998 , Dr Zewail won the Benjamin Franklin Medal because he discovered the



femto- second. Many scientists , students and important people came to the ceremony and saw Dr Zewail receiving his prize. One year later , Dr Zewail got the Nobel Prize for Chemistry. Dr Zewail lived in California and has four children. His wife , Dema Zewail is a doctor. He died on 2nd August 2016.

A) Answer the following questions :

1-Which university did Dr Zewail go to ?

...

2-Why did Dr Zewail win the Benjamin Franklin Medal ?

...

3-When did Dr Zewail get the Nobel Prize ?

...

B) Choose the correct answer :

4-Dr Zewail won the Benjamin Franklin Medal at the age of .....

a- 42 b- 48 c- 52 d- 58

5- Dr Zewail got the Nobel Prize for ....

a- Physics b- Arts c- Peace d- Chemistry

6- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d

1.Dr Aziz .... in a mobile health clinic.

a) work b) working c) works d) are working

2.Our .... consists of two nurses and a doctor.

a) dream b) team c) equipment d) operation

3. Some people live in villages ....from a doctor or a hospital.

a) next b) far c) near d) in front

4. Mr. Ibrahim Starts work............. 10 a.m.

a) in b) of c) at d) on

5.The child .... an operation a few hours ago.

a) did b) have c) had d) do

6. .... the past hour, I've been talking to the patients.

a) Since b)At c) For d) Every

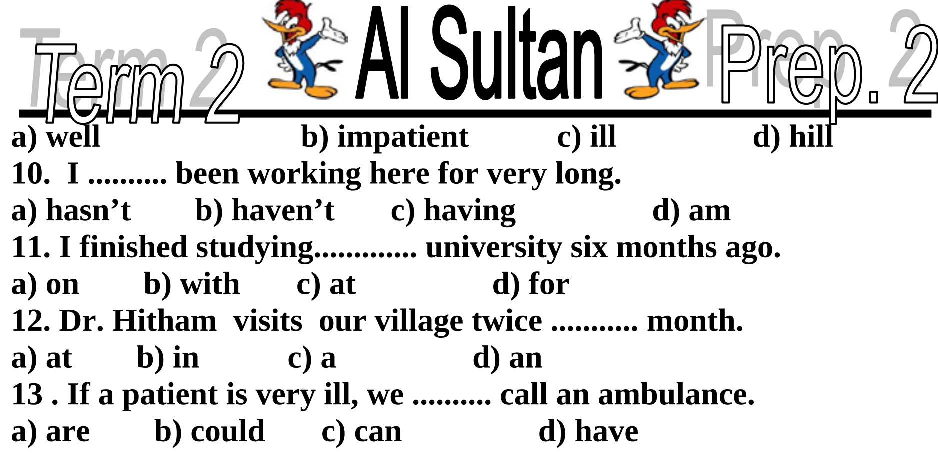
7. Yesterday, we ....an ambulance to take Ali to hospital.

a) called b)spoke c) talked d) visited

8. Dr.Ahmed works in a............... health clinic.

a) speakerphone b) mobility c) mobily d) mobile

9. Doctors examine people and give them medicine if they are ....



a) well b) impatient c) ill d) hill

10. I .... been working here for very long.

a) hasn’t b) haven’t c) having d) am

11. I finished studying............ university six months ago.

a) on b) with c) at d) for

12. Dr. Hitham visits our village twice .... month.

a) at b) in c) a d) an

13 . If a patient is very ill, we .... call an ambulance.

a) are b) could c) can d) have

14. The operation .... very well.

a) go b) went c) wanted d) wants

15. We’ve .... doing this job for five years

a) be b) are c) been d) being

7- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We visit schools and <u>learn</u> children about their health………..

2- It’s been raining all day so the garden is very <u>dry</u>. ………..

3- It’s very hard <u>working</u>, but I love my job. ………..

4- Have you <u>being</u> eating ice cream? ………..

Lessons 3&4 Vocabulary

interviewer	محاور	results	نتائج	test	يختبر
important	مهم	patients	مرضى	mobile phone	محمول
Good morning	صباح الخير	examine	يفحص	ancient site	موقع أثرى
question	سؤال	think of	يفكر فى	dentist	طبيب أسنان
laboratory	معمل	matter	أمر	What kind	ما نوع
university	جامعة	sweets	حلويات	archaeologist	عالم آثار
chemistry	كيمياء	project	مشروع	chemist	الكيمياء
make medicine	يصنع دواء	few months	أشهر قليلة	talk on the phone	يتحدث فى التليفون
plan activities	يخطط للقيام بأنشطة	coins	عملات معدنية	tooth - teeth	سنة - أسنان
find out	يكتشف	watch	ساعة يد	speaker	متحدث

Tape script

one

Interviewer: Today I'm talking to some people about the important jobs they do.
Good morning! Can I ask you a question? Where do you work?
Woman: I work in a laboratory.
Interviewer: When did you start doing this job?
Woman: I started this job three years ago.Before that, I was at university. I was studying chemistry.
Interviewer: And what job do you do in the laboratory? Woman: I help to make medicine. For the past few months, we 've been testing some new medicine in the laboratory. At the moment, I'm waiting to see the results of a test. If the results are good then we can start giving the medicine to patients.

Two

Interviewer: Here is someone who works in a hospital. But he isn 't a doctor.
Man: That is right. I examine patients, but only examine their teeth!
Interviewer: How long have you been working here ?
Man: I 've been working here for ten years. Some of my patients have been coming to see me since they were three or four years old!
Interviewer: How often do patients come and see you?
Man: They come and see me every six months. Here is a patient now. Hello! What's the matter?
Boy: My tooth hurts.
Man: Have you been eating too many sweets ? Sit down and I'll have a look.

Three

Interviewer: I'm talking to Mr Zaki who is working at an ancient site! When did you start working here?
Mr Zaki: I first came here six months ago.I was working in a museum when I heard about this project.
Interviewer: What are you doing at the moment?
Mr Zaki: I'm looking for pots, coins and other objects from the past. Long ago, people lived at this ancient site. We want to find out more about these people.

Functions Box

Asking about time and duration	Answering
♣How long have you been (working here)? ♣When did you start (doing this job)? ♣How often do (patients come and see you)?	♣I've been working here for (ten years). ♣I (came here) a year ago. ♣ (They come and see me) every six months.

Exercises

1- Complete the following dialogue:

Sayed is interviewing a dentist.

Sayed: (1)........... did you first want to be a dentist?
Dentist: I first wanted to be a dentist ten years (2)...........when I was at school.
Sayed: (3)........ have you been working at this clinic?
Dentist: I have (4)............. working here for about two years.
Sayed: Thank you very much, sir.

2_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

1.Basma : How often do you play a sport?
Nadia : ....
2-Sara : ....?
Abdou : I started coming to this school five weeks ago.

3-Read the following , then answer the questions :

Ahmed and his sister Noura like reading very much . They go to the same school in Tanta .They have a big library in their school where they can read a lot of useful books . They can borrow books from the library , too . There are also newspapers and magazines in it. Students should be quiet in the library . After reading , they should put the books back in their correct places in the library .

A) Answer the following questions :



1 – What should students do after reading books ?

………………………………………………………………………………

2-Where is Ahmed's school ?

………………………………………………………………………………

3- What does the word "it" refer to?

……………………………………………………………………………...

B) Choose the correct answer :

4- Students can read and borrow …………. From the library .

a) rulers b) books c) money d) sandwiches

5- We should be ……………. in the library .

a) lazy b) sad c) noisy d) quiet

4- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d

1. Modern planes are usually less.......... than old ones.

a) noisy b) big c) enjoyable d) noise

2. Nabil always likes reading. He said that this book was very..........

a) enjoyable b) noisy c) bored d) tall

3. My younger brother writes what he does every day in his...........

a) notebook b) book c) class d) diary

4. Fareeda says she does not need a........ because she can see the time on her mobile phone.

a) bag b) fan c) watch d) calendar

5. When he examines you, it is.......... to tell the doctor where it hurts.

a) noisy b) big c) enjoyable d) important

6. We went to the and swam in the sea.

a) first b) second c) third d) fourth

7. Here is someone .... works in a hospital.

a) whose b) who c) where d) when

8. If you are ill, the doctor will ....you.

a) examine b) operation c) checks d) give

9. Ten .... are waiting to see the doctor.

a) operations b) stations c) ambulances d) patients

10.If you see an accident, dial 123 for an........................

a) hour b) operation c) ambulance d) patients

11. My grandmother had an.......... , but she's much better now.

a) operation b) patient c) ambulance d) station

12. What have you been doing............. the last 20 minutes?
a) for b) since c) already d) just
13. How long has Magda's father .... working at the bank?
a) be b) is c) been d) being
14. Hassan......... his leg, so he hasn't been playing sports for the last few days.
a) hurt b) hurts c) heart d) hurting
15. I'll make you some tea, Mum. You have been working ....day.
a) two b) one c) all d) for

5- Read and correct the underlined words:

1 - The dentist asked the patient to sit down to have a book. ....
2- Teachers look for buildings and objects from the past. ....
3- Chemists find new medicines to help people who are well. ....
4- You must give the medicine if you are ill. ....

8- Write a paragraph of SIX sentences about:

" Some one's job"

....
....
....
....
....
....
....

Unit 11 How to do well

Lessons 1&2

Vocabulary

advice	نصيحة	memory	ذاكرة	diagrams	رسوم توضيحية
useful	مفيد	stay up	يسهر	invent	يخترع
revise	يراجع	achieve	يحقق	invite	يدعو
exams	امتحانات	achievement	أنجاز	finally	فى النهاية
subject	مادة	too late	متأخر جدا	quiet place	مكان هادئ
always	دائما	won't	سوف لن	clearly	بوضوح
healthy	صحى	remember	يتذكر	relax	يستريح
brain	مخ	remind	يُذكّر	sentence	جملة
hungry	جوعان	facts	حقائق	picture	صورة
too many	كثير جدا	feel nervous	يشعر بالعصبية	rhymes	قوافى
sweets	حلويات	think of	يفكر فى	memorise	يتذكر
choose	يختار	revision	مراجعة	things	أشياء
nuts	بندق-سودانى	vocabulary	كلمات-مفردات	ten-minute break	راحة لمدة عشر دقائق
instead	بدلا من ذلك	stick	عصا	exercise	يتدرب
improve	يُحسّن	make lists	يقوم بعمل قوائم	walking	المشى
results	نتائج	enough	كافٍ	such as	مثل
fruit	فاكهة	able to	قادر على	interesting	شيق
important	هام	ways	طرق	possible	ممكن
walls	حوائط	information	معلومات	do sports	يمارس ألعاب
polite	مهذب	photos	صور	recycling	إعادة تصنيع
		bee	نحلة		

Conjugation of Verbs

Present		Past	P . P	Present		Past	P . P
يشعر	feel	felt	felt	يكتب	write	wrote	written
يقف	stand	stood	stood	يتحدث	speak	spoke	spoken
يشرب	drink	drank	drank	يأخذ	take	took	taken
يلصق	stick	stuck	stuck	يأكل	eat	ate	eaten

How to achieve the best exam results!

o. **Here is some useful advice to help you revise for your exams in any subject.**

a. You should always eat healthy food because it is good for the brain. What should you eat if you are hungry? You shouldn't eat too many sweets. Choose nuts or fruit instead; they can improve your memory. You should also drink a lot of water.

B. You should take a ten-minute break and do some exercise, such as walking every hour, because this improves your memory.

C. You shouldn't stay up too late at night. If you don't get enough sleep, you won't be able to remember all the facts that you've memorised.

d. Think of ways to make your revision interesting. If you're learning vocabulary, write the words on paper and stick it on the walls. Make lists and diagrams with important information and invent rhymes to help you remember

Answer these questions:

1. Why is it important to eat healthy food before exams?

....

2. Which two foods can help you when you are revisin?

....

3.Why is it a good idea to take a break during revision?

....

4.Can you find two ways to help you remember new vocabulary?

....

5.Why is it better to relax before you do an exam?

....

Language Notes

1- some useful advice: نصيحة " اسم لا يعد" تعامل معاملة المفرد و ليس لها جمع
- **He gave me some useful advice.**

2- **revise for** يراجع من أجل
- **We should revise for the exams.**

3- **too many sweets** الكثير من الحلوى
- **You shouldn't eat too many sweets.**

4- a ten-minute break
- **You should take a ten-minute break between lessons.**

5- on paper
- Write the words on paper.

6- stay up
- You shouldn't stay up too late at night.

7- Make lists يقوم بعمل قوائم
- **Make lists of important words.**

8- try to يحاول أن try not to يحاول أن لا
- **Try to relax before exams.**

Structure

should and shouldn't for advice

نستخدم should و shouldn't فى النصيحة.

- You should have about eight hours of sleep every night.
- You shouldn't watch television all day because it's not healthy.
- He shouldn't speak Arabic in an English class.

Should + subject +verb +.........? يتم تكوين السؤال بهل كما يلى :

- Should I write my name on my paper? Yes, you should. / No, you shouldn't..

Question word+ Should +sub +verb +.........? . عند السؤال بآداة استفهام

- When should I start to revise for the exam?.
- What should Ali do to learn English?



Exercises

نصوص الاستماع فى نهاية المذكرة

1- Listen and choose the correct answer a , b , c or d:

1. Who advised Mohamed?

a. His father b. His mother c. His teacher d. His friend

2.Where should Mohamed leave his seat?

a. on the metro b. in a taxi c.on a bus d. in a car

3. How should Mohamed stay in the sun?

a. witout a sunhat b. witout a shirt c. witout jeans d. witout ice cap

2-Listen and answer the following questions:

1. When is Judy's exam?

2. What does Judy's father advise her to do?

3. What does Judy say she will try to do before the exam?

3- Complete the following dialogue:

Hassan: Do you know(1)……… to achieve the best results at exams?

Fareed: Sure, I ‹ll tell you.

Hassan: Ok. I ‹m listening.

Fareed: You shouldn't(2) .... up too late at night.

Hassan: What else?

Fareed: You should take a ten-minute (3)......... and do some (4).............

4_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

a) **Ahmed : When should I start to revise for the exam?**

Amira : ....

b) **Mona : .... ?**

Rahma :You should eat healthy food because it is good for the brain.

5-Read the following , then answer the questions :

It is important to know what to do in case of fire. Fires can be deadly. So knowing what to do in a fire can save your life. First, look around and locate the nearest door. If the door is closed, check it for heat before you open it. If the door is hot, don't open it. Escape through a window instead. If the door is not hot, open it slowly to check whether smoke or fire will block your way out. After you leave the room, close the door behind you to prevent the fire from spreading. Then drop down and craw! towards the

exit. When you are outside, call the fire fighters. Sit down and stay calm until fire fighters arrive. Never go back into the house.

A) Answer the following questions :

1. How dangerous can fires be ?

……………………………………………………………………………………

2. What will you do if the door is closed ?

……………………………………………………………………………………

3. What should you do to prevent the fire from spreading?

……………………………………………………………………………………

B) Choose the correct answer :

4. Call the ………………………………. after leaving the house.

a. fire fighters b. doctors c. policemen d. divers

5. You should …………………. until fire fighters arrive.

a. get nervous b. stay calm c. get angry d. be happy

6- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d

1. Ali's grandfather had .....a successful job and many things in his life.

a. achieved b. belonged c. stood d. told

2. Hala has........ all her friends' phone numbers. She knows them all!

a. invited b. reminded c. revised d. memorised

3. I used to feel very...... before I saw the dentist. I didn't like it at all!

a. safe b. traditional c. nervous d. patient

4. Before your exams, it is important to give yourself lots of time for....

a. revision b. invention c. recycling d. achievement

5 ."1, 2, 3, it's a bee!" is a children's......................

a. recipe b. memory c. result d. rhyme

6. Reem's father used to............. his photos in a big book.

a. stick b. stretch c. achieve d. email

7.You ....always make a revision timetable.

a. should b. shouldn't c. can't d. are

8.You............ study early in the morning if possible.

a. should b. shouldn't c. can't d. are

9.You............... go to bed too late.

a. should b. shouldn't c. can't d. are

10.Here .... some useful advice to help you.

a. has b. are c. is d. have

11.You............... revise for your exams.
a. are b. shouldn't c. can't d. should
12.You should always eat ....food.
a. healthy b. bad c. unhealthy d.many
13.Healthy food is good .... the brain.
a. at b. for c. with d.about
14.What should you eat ....you are hungry?
a. unless b. if c. but d. yet
15.You should eat too....... sweets.
a. many b. much c. few d. little
16. Choose nuts or fruit ....of sweets.
a. with b. insist c. instead d. instant
17. Nuts and fruit can improve your ....
a. moral b. memory c. memorise d. remember
18.You should drink ....water.
a. lots b. a lot c. many d. a lot of
19.You should take a ten................ break .
a. minutes b. seconds c. minute d. hours
20.You ....stay up too late at night.
a. must b. should c. have d. shouldn't
21.Enough sleep makes you able to remember all the facts that you've...............
a. moral b. memorised c. memorises d. memory
22. ....of ways to make your revision interesting.
a. moral b. Thank c. Think d. Thought
23.Write the words ....paper and stick it on the walls.
a. at b. with c. on d. of
24. ....lists and diagrams with important information.
a. Made b. Make c. do d.Help
25.Invent rhymes to help you.......... information.
a. moral b. memory c. forget d. remember
26.Try ....get too nervous before an exam.
a. not to b. to c. in order to d. of

7- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We learned how to achieved the best exam results ....

2- Why is it important for eat healthy food before exams? ………..
3- It's better to relax before you do a exam. ………..
4- You should work in a noisy place. ………..

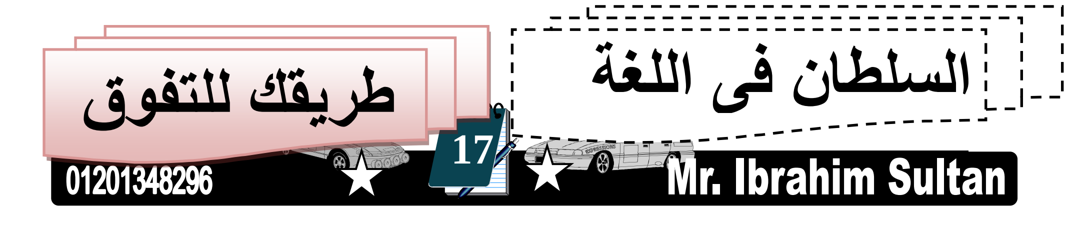
8- Write a paragraph of SIX sentences about:

" What you should and shouldn't do to help your parents at home "

…………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………

Lessons 3&4 Vocabulary

think	يفكر - يعتقد	the same	نفس الشئ	spelling mistakes	أخطاء هجائية
finish	ينهى	degree	درجة	really	حقاً - فعلاً
race	سباق	relax	يسترخى	pass	يمر
improve	يحسن	look	يبدو/ينظر	important	هام
spelling	هجاء	delicious	لذيذ		
holidays	اجازات	follow	يتبع	of course	بالطبع
wrongly	بشكل خاطئ	recipe	وصفة	colours	ألوان
congratulate	يهنئ	map	خريطة	dialogue	حوار - محادثة
excellent	ممتاز	so that	لكى	congratulations	مبروك
winner	فائز	check	يفحص	advice	نصيحة
sentences	جُمَل	label	بطاقة	explain	يشرح
copybook	كراسة نسخ	review	مراجعة	understand	يفهم
adults	كبار - بالغين				



Tapescript

one

Mum: That's really good, Heba! I like the way you 've used the colours.

Dad : You should stick it on the wall so that we can look at it every time we come in the room.

Heba: That's a good idea!

Two

Man: The winner of the first prize is Selim Hamdi!
Well done, Selim. You were really fast today. You finished in just two minutes! That's a great achievement.

Three

Miss Rawia: Well done, Mazin. I really liked your story.

Mazin : Thank you, Miss Rawia.

Miss Rawia: You used some very good sentences.
You also only made two spelling mistakes. Well done!

Mazin : Should I write the words I spelt wrongly in my copybook, Miss Rawia?

Miss Rawia: Yes, its always a good idea to do that. That way you won't make the same mistakes again.

four

Dad : Congratulations, Mariam ! Now you have a degree!

Mum: You should relax and enjoy your summer holiday, before you start your first job!

five

Functions Box

Congratulating people	
♣ That / It was really good.	♣ Well done!

♣ It's / That's a great achievement. ♣ Congratulations!
♣ You're an excellent (cook).

Exercises

1- Complete the following dialogue:

Dad : (1)......................, Mariam ! Now you have a degree!
Mum : You should (2).............. and enjoy your summer hoIiday, before you start your first job!
Mariam :(3)........................you dad and mum.
Dad : (4)...................... will you start working?
Mariam :Next month.

2_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

1.Miss Noha : Well done, Hassan. I really liked your goal .
Hassan : ....
2.Sara : ....?
Abdou : That's a great achievement.

3-Read the following , then answer the questions :

Everyone can learn to study. if you follow this advice, you will remember things better and achieve better results. You should start revising a few months before the exam. You shouldn't start the night before an exam! You should plan your study time so that you don't have to do a lot of revision just before the exam. Many students find it helpful to study more than one subject at a time. Do an hour of one subject, then take a break and start something different. That way, you won 't get bored. You should talk

about what you have learned with a friend. It can help you remember things. You can also test each other and explain things to each other when one of you doesn't understand.

A) Answer the following questions :

1 – When should you start revising ?
..
2-Where should you talk about what you have learned with a friend?
..
3- How long should you give to one subject?
..

B) Choose the correct answer :

4- The underlined word "it" refer to......................

a) remembering things b)talking with a friend
c) taking a break d) explain things

5- Taking a break will make you ....

a) bored b) sad c) noisy d) relaxed

4- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d

1. Ahmed has a test next week. He .... to revise.
a.should start b. should c. shouldn't d. can

2. Mona............ learning English since she was five.
a. is b. have c. have been d.has been

3..................... the farmer been working in the fields all day?
a. Was b.Have c.Has d. How

4. What book ....been reading this week?
a. you have b. are you c.have you d. have

5 Write a...................... of the things we need to buy at the shops.
a.list b. label c. diagram d. diary

6. You should eat nuts and fruits to improve your. .. ..
a. remind b. remember c. member d. memory

7. A/An .... often works at ancient sites.
a. ambulance b.archaeologist c. farmer d. teacher

8. Does the word "shoe"...................... with ”you"?
a. stick b. revise c.rhyme d. belong

9. The doctor has............. to the patient all morning.
a.been talking b. talking c. talk d. talks

10. How much sleep........ children have each night?
a. does b.should c. shouldn’t d. can't

11. Manal broke her leg, so they took her to hospital in an ....
a. ambulance b. accident c. album d. envelope

12. Teachers usually have a ....good . They know all the students’ names!
a. memorise b.memory c. remember d. revision

13. The house has a pretty red............ on the floor of the dining room.
a. ladder b. weave c. centre d.carpet

14. The children wrote their names on........ which they put on their

school books.

a. stamps b. labels c. posters d. vans

5- Read and correct the underlined words:

1. **It been** raining all day, so we cannot play outside.
2. The doctor told me to take some **medical** because I was sick
3. You shouldn't **to eat** too many sweets.
4. I write what I do every day in a **clock**.
5. The doctor **revised** the patient's chest.
6. **What you** been doing this morning?
7. My father is a **farmer**. He works in a laboratory.
8. They should listen to English **at** the radio
9. I **thank** that their English is better already!
10. I've been **collected** pictures.

8- Write a paragraph of SIX sentences about:

" The hobby you like most"

....
....
....
....
....
....
....



Unit 12 Hobbies and crafts

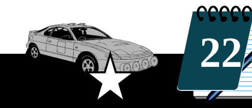
Lessons 1&2

Vocabulary

hobbies	هوايات	make clothes	يصنع ملابس	travellers	رحالة
crafts	حرف	collect stamps	يجمع طوابع	carefully	بحرص
still	ما زال	sew clothes	يخيط ملابس	ages	أعوام
join- ed	يلتحق	take photos	يلتقط صور	exciting	مثير
club	نادى	out side x inside	خارج x داخل	favourite	مفضل
trip	رحلة قصيرة	popular with	مشهور بـــ	soon	قريبا
decide to	يقرر أن	computer games	ألعاب كمبيوتر	cotton	قطن
e mail- ed	يرسل رسالة	Lake Nasser	بحيرة ناصر	probably	من المحتمل
website	موقع إلكترونى	play online	يلعب على الانترنت	around	حول
model plane	نموذج لطائرة	school magazine	مجلة مدرسية	North Africa	شمال أفريقيا
float	يطفو	tourist leaflet	منشور سياحى	both	كلا من
one day	ذات يوم	notes	ملاحظات	friends	أصدقاء
picnic	نزهة خلوية	family party	حفل عائلى	while	بينما -أثناء
windy	عاصف	sewing machine	ماكينة خياطة	countable	اسم معدود
sail across	يبحر عبر	Mount Sinai	جبل سيناء	un countable	اسم غير معدود
plough-ed	يحرث(الأرض)	blanket	بطانية	discuss-ed	يناقش

Conjugation of Verbs

Present		Past	P . P	Present		Past	P . P
يعلم	teach	taught	taught	يرتدى	wear	wore	worn
يكتب	write	wrote	written	يجد	find	found	found
يشترى	buy	bought	bought	يعرف	know	knew	known
يفكر	think	thought	thought	يشعر	feel	felt	felt
يخيط	sew	sewed	sewn				




01201348296 Mr. Ibrahim Sultan

Read THE WEBSITES ABOUT HOBBIES

My hobby is playing chess. To me, it's more exciting than a computer game because you have to think very carefully while you are playing. My grandfather taught me to play the game. Chess is a great game for all ages. I still play with my grandfather and he's 65! I also play online. I joined an online club for children of my age, so now I play with people from all over the world.

I started taking photos when we went on a school trip to Lake Nasser about a year ago. The teachers liked one of my photos of the lake and put it in the school magazine. Then I decided to email some of my photos to tourist websites. Now, a photo that I took of the Nile is on a tourist leaflet!
My favourite photo is of my family. I took it when we were at a family party. I always feel happy when I look at that photo.
Adam. 15

Answer these questions:

1. Why does Habiba think that chess is more exciting than computer games?.............

2. Who does she play chess with, outside her family?...

3. Which of Adam's photos was in the school magazine?...

4. Which photo is on a tourist leaflet?..

5. Which is his favourite photo, and why?..

Language Notes

1- have to + مصدر: يجب عليه أن
✪ You have to think very carefully.
2- for all ages لكل الأعمار
✪ Football is a game for all ages.
3- an online club نادى على الانترنت
✪ I joined an online club for children.
4- from all over the world من جميع أنحاء العالم
✪ I play with people from all over the world.
5- start to + v + ing = start + v + ing
✪ I started taking photos last year.
6- decide to يقرر أن
✪ I decided to study hard.
7- on a tourist leaflet! فى منشور سياحى
✪ I saw my photo on a tourist leaflet.
8- at a family party فى حفل عائلى
✪ I took photos at a family party.

Structure

Indefinite article, definite article and no article

📖 نستخدم أدوات النكرة a و an مع الأسماء التى تعد عندما نتحدث عن شئ لأول مرة.
♣ I've got a new camera. ♣ Have you ever had an operation?

📖 لا نستخدم أدوات النكرة a و an مع الأسماء التى لا تعد و الأسماء الجمع.
♣ Fish is my favourite food. ♣ I'm wearing black shoes.

📖 نستخدم آداة التعريف the عندما نتحدث للمرة الثانية عن شئ قد تكلمنا عنه من قبل أو عن شئ معروف لدينا من قبل.
♣The fish which we had for dinner last night was delicious.
♣I'm wearing the black shoes I bought yesterday.

📖 نستخدم آداة التعريف the مع الأشياء التى لا يوجد منها الا واحد فى مكان معين او فى العالم فقط . مثل (the earth, the Nile, the school magazine)

📖 لا نستخدم آداة التعريف the مع أسماء الدول و البحيرات و الجبال.
Egypt, Lake Nasser, Mount Sinai



نصوص الاستماع فى نهاية المذكرة

1- Listen and choose the correct answer a , b , c or d:

1-What is important to do?

a- save water b- to wash c- to waste water d- to boil water

2- How can we save water?

a- by taking long shower b- by taking short shower
c- by taking big shower d- by taking small shower

3- What must we do when we brush our teeth?

a-Turn on taps b- Turn off taps c- Don't use taps c- Don't use water

4- What must we do with taps that drip?

a- fix them b- close them c- break them d- sell them

2-Listen and answer the following questions:

1. What is the girl's hobby?..
2. What did her mother buy her a year ago?...
3. What was the first thing the girl made?..

3- Complete the following dialogue:

Tarek, Rami and Hassan are talking about chess.

Tarek: How long have you and Rami been playing that game of chess, Hassan?
Hassan: We've been playing it (1)..................... nearly an hour.
Tarek: I've(2) ....watching you. How long does it take to learn to play chess?
Rami: (3) .... been playing it for two years, but I'm not very good at it.
Hassan: It doesn't take long to learn the rules, but you (4) .... play every week if you want to be good at it.
Rami: Look! l think I've won!

4_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

a) Aya: .... ?
Mrs Fareeda: I've been working at this school for two years.

b) **Osama: How do you use this computer, Ali?**

Ali:.. .

5-Read the following , then answer the questions :

There was a man who had a lot of money. He decided to put all his money in a hole at the bottom of his garden. Every week, the man took out his money to look at it. One day, a thief saw the man looking at his money. That night, the thief took it all. When the man realised this the next day, he shouted. His neighbours quickly came round and he told them about his problem. "Have you been using the money? " a neighbour asked.
"No, I only looked at it," he replied.
"Then you should look in the hole again," said the neighbour. "It will do you just as much good."

A) Answer the following questions :

1. Why do you think the man put his money in a hole?

..

2. What has the man been doing with the money?

..

3. Why did the neighbours come round quickly?

..

B) Choose the correct answer :

4 Where is the money now?

a. in the hole ***b. in a different garden.***
c. thief has it ***d. the neighbours have it***

5.W hy does the neighbour say " It will do you just as much good "?

a.Because money is not important if you don't use it.
b. Because he might find it if he looks again.
c. Because he will feel better if he looks again.
d. Because he will never find the thief.

6- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d:

1.My...... is playing chess.
a.hobble b. hobby c.favour d. sport
2.I started .... photos 2 years ago.
a.took b.talking c.take d.taking
3.We went........a school trip to Lake Nasser
a.at b.on c.in d.of

4. I.........to email some of my photos to tourist websites.
a.visited b.decision c.decides d.decided
5. A photo that I took of the Nile is ..... a tourist leaflet!
a.on b.of c.at d.with
6. Football is more .... than a computer game
a. exciting b. excite c. excitement d. excited
7. My grandfather .... me to play chess.
a.taught b.teach c.teaching d.taught
8.Chess is a great game .... all ages.
a.at b.with c.to d.for
9. I play cards ....
a. line b.online c.outlast d.onlooker
10.I joined............online club for children.
a. a b.the c.an d.no article

11. Chess is ..... ancient game.
a. a b. the c. an d. no article
12. I started collecting .... coins when I was seven.
a. the b. a c. no article d. an
13. Lu Chang is from .... China.
a. no article b. an c. the d. a
14. We were having ..... picnic by the Nile.
a. no article b. an c. the d. a

7- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- My uncles house is next to a Nile. ....
2- My grandfather taught me play the game. ....
3- I took this photo when we were on a family party. ....
4- We went on a school trip to the Lake Nasser. ....

8- Write an e mail of SIX sentences to your aunt on:

" What you have been doing this week"

....
....
....

Lessons 3&4 Vocabulary

finally	أخيرا	corner	ركن	art	فن - رسم

traditional	تقليدي	weaver	نساج	hand-made	صناعة يدوية
noisy					تناقش
important					المكان الصحيح
label					حفريات
stamp album	ألبوم طوابع	wind	رياح	souvenirs	هدايا تذكارية
cousin	ابن العم	natural	طبيعي	envelope	مظروف خطاب
paint-ed	يدهن-يلون	designs	تصميمات	weaving	حياكة-نسيج
dye	صبغة	although	بالرغم من	cut off	يقطع
because	لأن	group	مجموعة	carpet	سجادة
so	لذلك	different	مختلف	tapestries	مفروشات مزخرفة
streets	شوارع	any thing	أى شئ	craft	حرفة
material	مادة	choose	يختار	produce	ينتج
by hand	باليد	get off	ينزل-يهبط	wool	صوف

Tapescript

Tarek: I've been collecting stamps for eight years. Eight years ago, my uncle was travelling around the world for his job. He wrote us lots of letters, and I loved looKing at the stamps. At that time, I didn 't know how many different countries there were in the world!

It is an easy hobby to start. The first thing that you have to do is to get some stamps! I usually find them on letters people write to me, my friends and family, but there are also some shops that sell stamps.

If you see an interesting stamp on an envelope, first cut the corner of the envelope off very carefully. After that, put the corner of the envelope with the stamp on it in some cold water. After ten minutes, take the stamp off the paper carefully, then wait for it to dry.

Some people group their stamps by subject, for example stamps with animals on them or famous people, etc. Some people group them by colour But l prefer grouping them by country.

The next step is deciding where to put the stamps. Look at this interesting stamp. lt's one hundred years old and its from England! Finally, l 'm going to put it in my stamp album.

Functions Box

Describing a process
♣ *The first thing* that you have to do is (to get some stamps). ♣ *First,* (cut the corner of the envelope off). ♣ *After that*, (put the corner of the envelope in some cold water). Then (wait for it to dry). ♣ *The next step* is (deciding Where to put the stamps). ♣ *Finally*, I'm going to (put it in my stamp album).

The Wissa Wassef Art Centre

📖 **Egyptian weaving is very famous all over the world.The Wissa Wassef Art Centre is in the village of Harraniyya, near Cairo. It teaches children to design and weave carpets and tapestries.**

📖 **A man called Ramses Wissa Wassef started the centre in the 1950s, with his wife Sophie. Ramses wanted people to learn the traditional Egyptian craft of weaving so that they could**

Answer these questions:

1. Why did Ramses Wissa Wassef start the centre?.......................................

....
....
2. Who were the first students?...
3. How did they produce different colours for the wool?...................................
4. What can you see at the museum?...
5. What are the older weavers still doing at the centre?..................................

Exercises

1- Complete the following dialogue:

Hala and Dina are making a salad.

Hala: Today, we are going to make a nice salad. The first thing that you have to (1).......... is wash the tomatoes and cucumbers.
Dina: OK, I've done that. Do I cut the onions now?
Hala: Yes.(2) .... peel off the skin. After (3)............... , cut the onions carefully.
Dina: OK. I've done that, too.
Hala: The next (4)..............., is to cut the tomatoes and cucumbers.
Dina: That's easy!

2_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

1. Ahmed : ***My father climbed Egypt's highest mountain last week!***
Hassan : **...**
2.Sara : **...?**
Abdou : ***Congratulations! That's a great test result.***

3- Read the following , then answer the questions :

When people first made carpets hundreds of years ago, they were useful because they protected feet from cold floors. Over time, carpet-making became an important craft. Turkey was famous for its beautiful carpets in

the 16005, and Cairo was also an important centre for carpets. People travelled from all over the world to buy them. Some people did not want to ***tread on*** *them, so they put them on their walls. Some carpets were very expensive and you needed a lot of skill to make them. Carpet-makers have been using this same skill ever since to make wonderful carpets. However, not all carpets today are made by hand.*

A) Answer the following questions :

1 When did people first make carpets?

………………………………………………………………………...

2 Why did people first make carpets?

………………………………………………………………………...

3 Why did some people visit Turkey and Cairo in the 16005?

………………………………………………………………………...

B) Choose the correct answer :

4 The underlined words "tread on" mean ....

a. buy b.put your foot on c. weave d. cook on

5. Carpets today are ....

a.not always made by hand b. never put on floors
c. always expensive d. all wonderful

4- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d

1. In many houses, people put............ on the floors.

a. albums b. carpets c. weaving d. stamps

2 Do you like..... games like chess, or new games like computer games?

a. noisy b. important c. traditional d. favourite

3. I need to buy some ....so I can send these letters to my cousins.

a. leaflets b. albums c. labels d. stamps

4 The ....made the shirt a beautiful red colour.

a. paint b. dye c. pen d. pencil

5. People like to visit the art and craft.......... in the village of Harraniyya.

a. leaflet b. weaver c. material d. centre

6.You should be very .... when you cross the road.

a. care b. careless c. careful d. sad

7. I got a call from my friend in ....England.

a. the b. an c.a d.-----

8. I am .... a survey about people's jobs.

a.making b. playing c. doing d. helping

9. Could you tell me........... you enjoy your job.

a. is *b.weather* *c.whether* *d.* are

10. I have worked at this school .... the last ten years.

a. since b. just c. already d.for

5- Read and correct the underlined words:

1. When **have** you start teaching?
2. It's time **to** dinner.
3. They have worked **real** hard.
4. Students should listen to english **in** the radio.
5. My hobby is to **correct** stamps.
6. Egypt is famous for **waving** and tapestry .
7. My father bought a car. **A** car is expensive.
8. I would like to be **the** engineer.

8- Write a paragraph of SIX sentences about "A trip "

....

....

....

Unit 13 An interesting trip

Lessons 1&2

Vocabulary

favourite	مفضل	learn	يتعلم	careful	حريص
areas	مناطق	guide	مرشد	certain	متأكد
call-ed	يتصل	animal clinic	عيادة للحيوان	cave	كهف
enjoy	يستمتع	nearby	قريب-مجاور	fun	متعة - مرح
trip	رحلة	village	قرية	journey	رحلة طويلة
saqqara	هرم سقارة	animals	حيوانات	season	فصل

stay	يبقى - يقيم	covered in	مغطى بـ	opposite	مقابل- عكس
vets	أطباء بيطريين	reported speech	الكلام الغير مباشر	the largest	الأكبر- الأضخم
include	يشتمل يتضمن	verb	فعل	island	جزيرة
buffalo	جاموسة	pronoun	ضمير	lucky	محظوظ
travel around	يسافر حول	difference	اختلاف	comfortable	مريح
desrt	صحراء	beautiful	جميل	interesting	شيق-مثير
horse	حصان	take turns	يتناوب الأدوار	sand dunes	كثبان رملية
scenery	مناظر طبيعية	partner	شريك	sound like	يبدو
waterfall		perhaps			

Conjugation of Verbs

Present		Past	P . P	Present		Past	P . P
يقول	say	said	said	يقضى	spend	spent	spent
يتعلم	learn	learned	learned	ينام	sleep	slept	slept
يعتقد	think	thought	thought	يعرف	know	knew	known
يقود	drive	drove	driven	يستطيع	can	could	could
يخبر	tell	told	told	يرقد	lie	lay	lain

Reading

Read this conversation between two boys

A: Ali just called. He said that he was enjoying his trip to Saqqara with his father! He said that they were staying at a farm where there were a lot of animals, including goats and buffalo. He said that they were travelling around the desert on horses.

B: What did he say about Saqqara?

A: He said that the scenery was beautiful, with green areas by the river and the big white sand dunes of the

Choose the correct answer:

1. Ali is travelling *(to /around)* Saqqara on horses.
2. Some of *(the/ The Whole)* area is covered in sand dunes.
3. Walid*(knows/is learning)* a lot about the desert.
4. Ali *(has/hasn't)* been to visit the animal clinic yet.
5. *(Guides/ Vets)* help animals at the clinic.

Language Notes

1- buffalo (pl. buffaloes or buffalo) جاموس

- **I saw a herd of buffalo.**

2- sounds like + adj (صفة) يبدو

- **That sounds like fun.**

3- on horses على الخيول

- **They were travelling around the desert on horses.**

4- beautiful with جميل بـ

- **The scenery was beautiful, with green areas and the sand dunes.**

Structure

Reported speech الكلام الغير مباشر

نستخدم الغير مباشر لنقل ما قاله شخص معين و فى الكلم الغير مباشر يتم تحويل الزمن إلى الماضى.

- It is raining, " I said. → I said that it was raining.
- We are going on a trip, " he said. → He told us that they were going on a trip.

يتم تحويل الضمائر أيضا فى الكلام الغير مباشر.

- I want to play a game with you, " said my brother
  → My brother said that he wanted to play a game with me.
- "We are staying at a farm."
  → He said that they were staying at a farm.
- "The scenery is beautiful."
  → He said that the scenery was beautiful.
- "Walid is going to take us to an animal clinic."
  → He said that Walid was going to take them to an animal clinic.



نصوص الاستماع فى نهاية المذكرة

1- Listen and choose the correct answer a , b , c or d:

1-1-When was the first telephone invented?

a-1570 b-1670 c-1770 d-1870

2-Who invented it?

a-Graham Bell b-Joseph Campbell c-Graham Watts d-Daniel Defoe

3-How did people use to communicate before telephones?

a-by letters b-by telegrams c-by messengers d-all of these

2-Listen and answer the following questions:

1. Who is sick?...
2. Who is Dr Mohsen?...
3. What did Dr Mohsen say?..

3- Complete the following dialogue:

Ashraf: I am enjoying our holiday in(1)......................

Sami : I am enjoying it, too. There is a beautiful island opposite our hotel.

Ashraf : Yes, the island is called Elephantine(2)...... ....

Sami : I know why the island has that name.!

Ashraf : I know why, too! It's (3)........... the stones in the river look like (4).................!

4_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

a) Tamer : Excuse me. Where is the office, please?

Teacher: ……………………………………………………………

b) Adly: What did the guide say about Saqqara?

Ahmed:.. .

5-Read the following , then answer the questions :

One evening, Tom was driving his car. He was looking for a hotel to spend the night. He saw an old man at the road side. He stopped the car and asked him if he knew where the Sun Hotel was. "Of course", answered the old man, "I'll show you the way". Then, he got into the car. They drove for about twenty miles. When they reached a small house, the old man said, "OK, now stop here". Tom stopped and looked at the house. He was quite surprised. "But it doesn't look like a hotel" he said to the old man. "No", replied the old man, This is my house, and now let me show you the way to the Sun Hotel". "Turn round and go back 9 miles. Then, you'll see it on your left."

A) Answer the following questions :

1. Where did Tom plan to spend the night ?

……………………………………………………………………………

2. How far away was the Sun Hotel when Tom met the old man ?

……………………………………………………………………………

3. Where did Tom see the old man?

....

B) Choose the correct answer :

4. From the story, we know that the old man was ………………………

a. stupid b. helpful c. wealthy d. clever

5. Tom was surprised when he reached the ………………………

a. hotel b. hospital c. small house d. museum

6- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d:

1 "It's nice ....see you, Hazem! " said Ashraf.

a.for b. to c.at d.of

2.Hana said that she........... going to visit grandmother.

a.are b. was c.is d.can

3 "Aunt Nadia is coming............. lunch with us on Friday, " said Mum.

a.for b. to c.at d.of

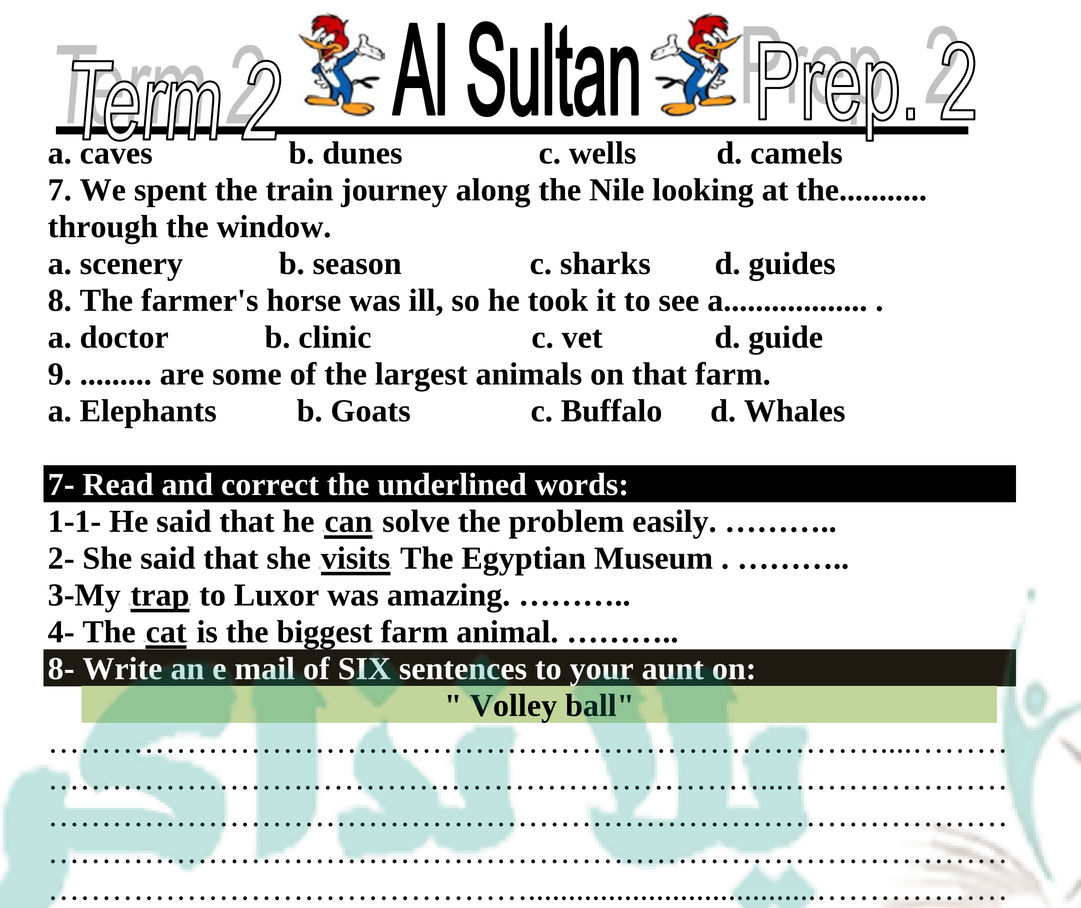
4. Anas told Mahmoud that he .... play on Saturday.

a.could b. can c.was d. had

5. This bed is very................ I slept very well!

a. comfortable b. careful c. certain d. interesting

6. Some of the........ in the desert are 150 metres high.



a. caves b. dunes c. wells d. camels

7. We spent the train journey along the Nile looking at the........... through the window.

a. scenery b. season c. sharks d. guides

8. The farmer's horse was ill, so he took it to see a.................. .

a. doctor b. clinic c. vet d. guide

9. .... are some of the largest animals on that farm.

a. Elephants b. Goats c. Buffalo d. Whales

7- Read and correct the underlined words:

1-1- He said that he can solve the problem easily. ………..

2- She said that she visits The Egyptian Museum . ………..

3-My trap to Luxor was amazing. ………..

4- The cat is the biggest farm animal. ………..

8- Write an e mail of SIX sentences to your aunt on:

" Volley ball"

………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………

Lessons 3&4

Vocabulary

path	ممر	further	أبعد	sleep on	ينام على
tent	خيمة	conversation	محادثة	soft	ناعم
bats	خفافيش	blanket	بطانية	somewhere	فى مكان ما
experience	خبرة	gold fish	سمكة ذهبية	pets	حيوانات أليفة
frightened of	خائف من	camel	جمل	dry	جاف
snakes	ثعابين	sheep	خروف	hurt	يجرح
might	ربما	warm	دافئ	rug	سجادة



Djara cave	كهف الجارة بالصحراء الغربية	Wadi al-Rayan	وادى الريان	any way	على أى حال
nervous of					
mud					
exp					

Hisham: Have you ever seen the desert?

Boy 2: No, I haven't. **I mean**, I 've seen a lot of photos of it, but I 've never been there myself.

Hisham: Don 't you want to visit it one day?

Boy 2: **Well,** yes, but **the thing is**, I 'm really frightened of snakes. There are lots of snakes in the desert.



H

Djara cave. Our relatives from France were staying with us

Boy 2: **I know what you mean.** I love camping. Anyway **you were saying**....?

Hisham: Yes, so we slept outside and the next day, we spent the whole day inside the cave. it's the most amazing place; the rocks look like frozen waterfalls.

Boy 2: Were there any bats?

Hisham: Perhaps, but I didn 't see any! They were probably sleeping. any way afler another night in a tent outside the

Answer these questions:

1. Why is Hisham's friend frightened of the desert?

Because he is frightened of snakes that might be there.

2. Who did Hisham visit the Djara cave with?...

3. How long did it take them to get to the caves from Cairo?..

4. Why didn't Hisham see any bats in the cave?...
....
....

5. Why was Hisham nervous of travelling further into the desert?......................................

6. What frightened Hisham the next day?..



Keep conversation going الحفاظ على استمرار المحادثة	
♣ *I mean...*	♣ *The thing is...*
♣ *You see....*	♣ *Anyway,.....*
♣ *You were saying....*	♣ *I know what you mean.*
♣ *Well...*	



1- Complete the following dialogue:

Fady: Did you have a good trip to England?
Hussein: Well, I'm happy to be home again.
Fady: Didn't you like it there?

Hussein: No, I did, but the (1)………… is, I don't like cold weather. I (2) ……… it was August, but it rained every day! I (3)…………… hot weather.

Fady: I know what you mean. (4)………….. did you practise yourEnglish?
Hussein: Yes, it's much better now!

2_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

1. Ahmed : Why do farmers keep buffaloes ?
Hassan : ………………………………………………………….
2.Sara : ………………………………………………………….?
Abdou : We sleep in tents while camping

3- Read the following , then answer the questions :

Monday, 23rd March
I have just got home after I visited my uncle and aunt in Mallawi. My two cousins were also there. On Saturday, they took me to Tell al-Amarna. It is an ancient site in the desert which archaeologists are studying. My aunt said that Pharaoh Akhenaton and queen Nefertiti built a city there. My uncle said they only lived there for twelve years. It is a beautiful place and I enjoyed my visit to the desert.We went back to their house in the evening. I had a wonderful meal! I was very tired, too, So I went to bed early.

A) Answer the following questions :

1. Who did Samia see at the weekend?

……………………………………………………………………….

2. What is Tell al-Amarna?

……………………………………………………………………….

3. What did Samia's aunt say about Tell aI-Amarna?

……………………………………………………………………….

B) Choose the correct answer :

4. Pharoah Akhenaten and Queen Nefertiti lived there........... years.

a. 22 *b.20* *c. 12* *d. 30*

5. Samia went back to her uncles house on ....

a. Saturday morning *b. Tuesday morning*

c. Monday morning *d. Saturday evening*

4- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d

1. There was a lot of ..... next to the river, so it was difficult to walk there.

a.mud b. straw c.rice d.grass

2. The....... up the mountain was used every week, so it was easy to follow.

a.mud b. path c. sky d.grass

3. The family put their............ in the car and drove to the country for the weekend.

a.tent b. straw c. mud d.path

4. The farmer put............. on the ground for the sheep to lie on.

a. path b. straw c. mud d. tent

5 Soon it was dark, and we saw a..............fly through the sky.

a. donkey b. buffalo c.goat d.bat

6- Ali said that he was enjoying his ....to Saqqara .

(car – trip – voyage – class)

7- Tourists always ....at a hotel.

(stay – play – go – visit)

8- The ....has got a lot of animals.

(school – class – farm – hotel)

9- Farmers keep cows and ....to get milk and meat.

(donkeys – horses – dogs – buffaloes)

10- I think the ....is bigger and faster than the donkey .

(cow – buffalo – horse – sheep)

11- I enjoy the beautiful ....of the countryside.

(scenery – sight – viewpoint – cinema)

12-The fields are full of ....areas .

(red – green – brown – yellow)

13- The desert has a lot of ....

(mud – water – plants – sand)



14- Most of the Egyptians live on the banks of the..........Nile .
(River – Lake – Sea – Land)
15-The trip ....interesting.
(sees – sounds – voices – makes)
16- The teacher said ....it was a difficult lesson.
(to – if – that – which)
17- The camel has a broken leg so the farmer took it to see a...........
(vet – bat – dentist –weaver)
18- He said that he ....on a farm .
(is staying – was staying – will stay - stay)
19- The tourists followed a ....through the mountains.
(path – step – part – scenery)
20- My teacher told me that the earth .... round the sun.
(turned – will turn – has turned – turns)
21- This mountain has a big ....
(cave – tent – bat – desert)
22- He ....the car needed a good service .
(say – tells – said – says)
23- I enjoyed the ....of the fields with their animals .
(film – scenery – sight – series)
24-Our animals sleep on dry ....
(straw – stem – stick – mud)

5- Read and correct the underlined words:

1. 1- There was a lot of muddy on your shoes.
2-We used to walk on the bath through the desert.
3- We slept in the tart.
4- The farmer put street on the ground for the sheep to lie on.
5- We saw a but flying through the night sky .
6- She said that she is helping her mother with the housework.
7- Did you had a good trip to England?
8- He told me the he visited my father at the hospital.
9- She said that she is ill.
10- He said that he will give another chance.

8- Write a paragraph of SIX sentences about "Your favourite animal "

....

....

....

Unit 14 schools around the world

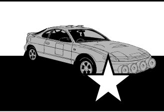
Lessons 1&2

Vocabulary

necessary	ضرورى	building	مبنى	inside	داخل
obligation	إلزام	most	معظم	outside	خارج
opening times	أوقات العمل	private lesson	درس خاص حصة خاصة	during the day	أثناء اليوم
uniform	زى موحد	student	طالب	formal	رسمى
nursery	حضانة	practise	يتدرب	informal	غير رسمى
primary	إبتدائى	also	أيضاً	young	صغير السن
preparatory	إعدادى	through	خلال	old	كبير السن
secondary	ثانوى	school times	مواعيد الدراسة	before	قبل
university	جامعة	rules	قواعد	after	بعد
Japan	اليابان	hurry	يسرع	at the age of	فى سن
Japanese	يابانى	use	يستخدم	tak a lesson	يأخذ حصة
Brazil	البرازيل			aged	بالغ من العمر
Brazilian	برازيلى	need- ed	يحتاج	at lunch time	فى وقت الغداء
magazine	مجلة	clothes	ملابس	do exams	يؤدى امتحانات
article	مقال	vocabulary	مفردات - كلمات	on time	فى الوقت المحدد

Conjugation of Verbs

	Present	Past	P . P		Present	Past	P . P
يرتدى	wear	wore	worn	يستطيع	can	could	could
يفعل	do	did	done	يجب	have to	had to	had to




يدخل	come into	came into	come into				

Three schools

All children in Egypt have to go to school from the age of six to fifteen. They can go to nursery school from the age of four, but they don't have to go. At primary and preparatory school, all students have to wear a uniform.

Japanese students don't have a uniform at primary school, but they have to wear a uniform at secondary school. They have to clean the school building at lunch time. Most students practise sports or music after school. Many students also

1.

1. All children go to primary and ....school.
2. Many children in Egypt go to........ school before they are six years old.
3. Our school................... is a white shirt, with black trousers or a skirt.

2. Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. All children in Egypt start school at the age of four.
2. In Japan, students have to clean their classrooms before school.
3. Some students in Japan have lessons outside school.
4. There are three different school times for children in Brazil.

Language Notes



1- from the age of ....to .... من سن كذا وحتى سن

- **Children in Egypt have to go to school from the age of six to fifteen.**

2- a + وقت كل / فى

- **a day - a month - a year → students have to go to school five hours a day.**

3- wear a uniform

- **Hassan wears a uniform every day.**

Structure

obligation and lack of obligation الإلزام و عدم الإلزام

have to/ don't have to, has to / doesn't have to

نستخدم **have to , has to** للتحدث عن قواعد و أشياء ضرورية واجب فعلها

- We have to go to school five days a week.
- He has to go to school on time.
- All students have to come to school on time.
- My aunt has to work at night sometimes because she is a nurse.

نستخدم الصيغة المنفية ***don't have to, doesn't have to*** للتحدث عن أشياء غير ضرورية.

- Hassan doesn't have to learn this vocabulary because he already knows it.
- We don't have to go to school on Saturdays.
- He isn't late. He doesn't have to hurry.

عند تكوين سؤال بمعنى هل نستخدم الصيغة التالية:

Do /Does + subject فاعل + have to + infinitive

Do you have to get up at seven o'clock? Yes, I do. /No, I don 't.
Does she have to eat breakfast? Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

عند السؤال بآداة استفهام يكون شكل السؤال كالتالى:

آداة استفهام + do /does + subject فاعل + have to + infinitive

- **When do we have to finish our homework?**
- **Why does she have to go now?**

Exercises

نصوص الاستماع فى نهاية المذكرة

1- Listen and choose the correct answer a , b , c or d:

1-Why are you sad ?

a) My father is ill b) My mother is ill c) My friend is ill d) My brother is ill

2- Where is he now?

a) at home b) at school c) at hospital d) at work

3- How often do you visit him?

a) once b) twice c) every day d) every week

2-Listen and answer the following questions:

1. Where is Yuna from? ....
2. What does Yuna have to do at lunch time? ....
3. What doesn't Yuna have to do at school?..

3- Complete the following dialogue:

Ahmed : What (1)…………….. I do before exams?
Father : You should(2) ……………….. your lessons ?
Ahmed: What(3) …………… of food should I eat?
Father : You should eat(4) ………….. food .

4_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

a) Tamer : I get bad marks in my exam. What should I do?
Teacher: ………………………………………………………
Tamer : Ok. I will do my best.

b) Adly: …………………………………………………………?
Ahmed: My favourite sport is tennis.

5-Read the following , then answer the questions :

About 71 percent of the earth is <u>ocean</u>. That means that less than a third of earth is land for us to live on. However , scientists think that nearly half of the land has people living or working on it . Many animals have to live on the ten percent of the land that is far from any large city.
There are now 34 cities around the world that have a population of more than ten million. Many of us live big cities. However , they use

just three percent of the land area .The earth has millions of people living on it , but it is not yet full.

A) Answer the following questions :

1.What does the underlined word oceanmean?

....

2.What is the problem for some animals?

....

3.What percent of the land has people living or working on it?

....

B) Choose the correct answer :

4. 34 cities around the world ....

a) have more than 10 million people

b) are empty

c)have many people d) are empty

5. What is the main subject of the article?

a)There isn't enough land b) One day , people will need to live in the sea

c) in the future , there will be no animals d) There is enough land for us all

6- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d:

1-Do you live with your parents in the (same – different – similar – like) house .

2-My book is (same – different – similar – like) from your book. Mine is big

3-(Japan – Egypt – Brazil – England) lies in South America.

4-All the students in Egypt have to go to school from the age of (6 – 8 – 10 – 12)

5-At the age of four students can go to (primary – nursery – prep – secondary) school.



6-Girls at primary and preparatory school have to wear a (dress – shirt - uniform – tie)
7-(Japan – Egypt – England – Japanese) students don't have to wear a uniform.
8-The girl helps her mother (clean – cleaning – dirty – dirt) the house.
9-We have our (breakfast – lunch – dinner – supper) at one o'clock .
10-Do you share in cleaning the school (home – house – building – hotel)
11- Most students (practise – license – advise – make) sports after school.
12-I love listening to (matches – play – walk – music) after school .
13- Most students go to (private – special – beautiful – bad) lessons after school
14-Students go to private lessons to do (badly – good – bad – well) in their exams.
15- I want to get full mark in the English (exam – examine – taste – note)
16- In Brazil , students go to school five (seconds – minutes –hours – months) a day .
17- All children (have – has – must – should) to go to primary and preparatory school.
18-You (have to - don't have – doesn't have to – mustn't) come with me if you are busy.
19-She is a nurse so she is(has to – have to – doesn't have to – mustn't) wear a uniform.
20-Drivers (are – have to – has to – shouldn't) drive on the right in Egypt.
21. Egyptian children(have to-don't have to-has to - doesn't have to) go to nursery school.
22. At primary school, all children (have -don't have -has - doesn't have)to wear a uniform.
23. Children (have to-don't have to-has to - doesn't have to)wear their uniforms after school.
24. All children (have to-don't have to-has to - doesn't have to)do exams at school.

7- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Japanese students <u>don't have to</u> a uniform at primary school.
2- My mother always <u>does</u> my bed .
3- She sweeps the <u>flour</u> ever day.
4- Some students in Japan have private lessons <u>inside</u> school.
5- Animals <u>has</u> to eat grass.
6- You <u>have</u> to eat if you are not hungry.

8- Write an e mail of SIX sentences to your aunt on:

" What do you have to do after school"

……………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………

Lessons 3&4

Vocabulary

do the washing up	يقوم بغسيل الأطباق	vacuum cleaner	مكنسة كهربائية	make the bed	يرتب الفراش
sweep the floor	يكنس الأرضية	dry the dishes	يجفف الأطباق	do a survey	يقوم بعمل استطلاع رأى
not at all	لا على الإطلاق	set the table	يرتب المائدة	subject	مادة دراسية
speaker	متحدث	stay up late	يسهر	market	سوق
rules	قواعد	survey	استبيان	article	مقال
meal	وجبة	activity	نشاط	mind - ed	يمانع
whether	إذا - سواء	cross	يعبر	do jobs	يؤدى مهام
both	كلا من	ticket	تذكرة	leave home	يترك المنزل
machine	آلة	guess	يخمن	quietly	بهدوء
washing machine	غسالة ملابس	result	نتيجة	noisily	بصخب
dish washer	غسالة أطباق	person	شخص	un ususal	غير معتاد



	Present	Past	P . P		Present	past	P . P
يكنس	sweep	swept	swept	يترك	leave	left	left
يفهم	understand	understood	understood	يجهز	set	set	set

Functions Box

As

♣Do you ...
(abo...

♣...

Tapescript

one

Girl 1: Good morning. I'm doing a survey about jobs in the house. Do you mind if I ask you some questions about jobs in the house

Girl 2: Not at all.

Girl 1: Which jobs do you have to do in the house For example, could you tell me whether you have to sweep the floors?

Girl 2: No, I don' t.

Girl 1: Do you have to make your bed?

Girl 2: Oh yes, I have to do that every day.

Girl l: What about helping with meals ? Could you tell me whether you have to set the table?

Girl 2: No, I don't. But I have to do the washing up and dry the dishes, too.

Girl 1: Thank you for answering my questions.

Two

Girl 1: Do you have to make your bed?

Fareeda: Yes, I do.

Girl 1: What other jobs do you have to do in the house

Fareeda: I have to set the table, do the washing up and dry

Exercises

1- Complete the following dialogue:

Taha and Hamza are talking about Hamza's trip to England.

Taha: Hi, Hamza. Did you have a good holiday in England?
Hamza: Yes, I enjoyed it, **(1)**............ it wasn't my best holiday.
Taha: Why was that?
Hamza: The **(2)**.............. is, the weather was very bad every day.
Taha: I'd love to go to England! Sorry, you were saying **(3)** .... the weather.
Hamza: Yes, it was cold and windy! **(4)**.............. it was good to practise my English.

2_ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues :

1. ***Ahmed*** : *How much of the earth is sea?*
Hassan : *About 30 percent of the earth is land, so................*

2.Sara : ……………………………………………………………?

Lateefa : ***That's fine With me. What would you like to ask?***

3- Read the following , then answer the questions :

I'm Waleed. I have got iwo brothers and three sisters. My father is an old farmer. My mother is a housewife. She spends all her time cooking and cleaning the house. My father and mother work day and night to help us lead a happy life. They bring us up to love our country. Egypt. We live in a nice house on the farm. My father grows a lot of vegetables. He also keeps some animals and birds. In my school, I have got a lot of friends. My school day begins at eight o'clock in the morning . After school, I usually help my father. I love looking after animals and birds. I like to study farming because I want to grow the main crops on our farm.

.

A) Answer the following questions :

1. How many persons are there at Waleed's family ?

……………………………………………………………………………...

2. Why does Waleed like to study farming ?

……………………………………………………………………………...

3. When does Waleed's school begin ?

……………………………………………………………………………...

B) Choose the correct answer :

4. Waleed and his family lead a ……………………..life.

a. sad b. stressful c. troubling d. happy

5. Waleed's mother works at……………………...

a. company b.home c. school d. bank

4- Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d

1. A: Hello............... I ask you some questions about your home?

B: Not at all.

a. Do you mind if b. Is it OK if c. What d. Can

2. Hi, Tamer........... I ask you some questions for our homework tonight?

a. Do you mind b. Is it OK if c. Could you tell me d. Do you know if

3. Miss Eman, you want to work here............ some questions about where you work now?

a. Will I ask b. I'll ask c. Could I ask you d. Do I ask you

4. A: Hi, Magda. Can I ask you which jobs you have to do at home?
B:................
a. Not at all. b. That's fine. c. Nice to meet you. d. No, I don't.

5- Children have to go to (primary – preparatory – secondary – nursery) at the age of six.

6-I always do good revision before taking an (meal – examine - exam – eggs)

7- Please , can you (set – wash up – weave – group) the table before we eat.

8-Policemen always wear a white (hat – coat – uniform – scarf) in summer.

9-Does your father (has – had – have – make) to do another job?

10- You (have to – has to - don't have to – doesn't have to) go to school. It is a holiday.

11- I have to (ironing – iron – ironed – irons) my shirt .

12- Our teacher (has to – have to – doesn't have to – don't have to) work hard .

13-Could you tell me (whether – weather – when – if) you go to bed early or not ?

14-Do you (mine – mind – mood – mend) if I ask you some questions? Not at all .

15-Could I (ask – asked – asking – would ask 0 you some questions? Yes, of course.

16-Do you mind opening the door? Not (on – of – in – at) all.

17- You have to read (quickly – loudly – loud – quietly) in the library.

18-Let's (make – do – give – take) a survey about the student's activity .

19-We will discuss the survey (job – profession – results – work) together.

20-My brother is seventeen .He is at (nursery – primary – secondary – prep) school.

21-Children aged four to six go to (nursery =- prep – secondary – prep) school.

22- Policemen have to wear (a uniform – a shirt – a blouse – a skirt)

23- Do you mind (of – in – if – off) I ask you some questions.

24-Hi is an (formal – formally – informal – informally) greeting among friends.

5- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Primary school begins at the age of four.
2- She went to the kitchen to make the washing.
3- She doesn't has to help us ;
4- I most finish my work on time .

6- Write an e-mail of six sentences to your best friend telling him / her what will happen if he / she comes to your house on Friday .Your name is Gamila.

……………………………………………………………………………...………
…………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………

Choose on units

1- What do you know (about – of – to at) the doctor's job ?
2- Where do doctors work ? They work at (schools – hospitals – clubs – cinemas)
3- The doctor looks after (ill – sick – healthy – patients).
4- The (car – taxi – ambulance – bus) takes ill people to the hospital.
5- My friend wants to work in a (computer – lap – phone – mobile) health clinic.
6- The doctor (looks – exams – examines – check) ill people.
7 – I will go to the chemist's to buy (falafel – cheese – eggs – medicine.)
8- This (villa – van – fan - flat) needs a clever driver.
9- The doctors in our hospital can (make – give – carry – do) dangerous operations .
10 – Patients should be looked (in – at – after – for) by doctors and nurses.
11- The patient who (makes – does – have – has) the operation is still young.
12- Our clinic needs a lot of good (equipment – equip – equipped – equips)
13- I want to work (on – of – from – at) a big hospital.
14- We should teach our children that their (health – healthy – filth – filthy) is important.
15-Farmers live quietly in their (towns – villas – villages – vans)

16- We should reach villages which are very far (away – on – in – at) from hospitals.
17-If a patient is very ill , we can call (a – an – in – at) ambulance to take him to hospital.
18- You don't need medicine , you need an (operation – opera – tea – cream)
19- The mobile (healthy – health's – health – wealthy) clinic is very important.
20- Your father and your mother are called your (parents – fathers – mothers – sisters)
21- I have been living here (since – for – about – when) more than ten years.
22- Miss Abeer (have – has – has – is) been teaching English for more than five years.
23- It (has been raining – has rained – had rained – is raining) for the past three hours.
24- Since 7.00, she and her sister (study – has studied – have been studying – studied)
25- Ahmed has been working here (since – when – for – during) his graduation.
26- You look tired , what have you been (do – did – doing – done)?
27- The (architect – engineer – chemist – archaeologist) works in a lab to make medicine.
28- The (architect – chemist – doctor – farmer) will design my new house.
29-The (chemist – architect – engineer – archaeologist) finds objects from the past.
30-The (doctor – farmer – teacher – nurse) keeps animals and grows crops.
31- Who can (make – do – design – give) new buildings ?
32- The archaeologists found objects from the (past – present – future – geography)

1- Here is some useful (advice – advise – advising – advices) to help you revise for exams.
2- You should (eat – drink – play – revise) your lessons well .
3- Good students always revise well (in – on – for – about) their exams.
4-Healthy food is good for the (leg – head – brain – nose).
5- Before exams , you should always eat (healthy – filthy – dirty – unhealthy) food.
6- What should you eat if you are (hunger – hungry – angry – thirsty)?
7- Healthy food is good (to – at – about – for) your brain.

8-Your (hand – stomach – brain – lung) is in your head.
9-You shouldn't eat too (much – many – little – lot) sweets.
10- You can choose nuts or fruit (instead – inside – outside – still) of sweets.
11- To improve your memory , you should eat (fats – sweets – nuts – lollipop) and fruit.
12- Nuts and fruit can (prove – improve – improves – harm) your memory .
13- While studying , I take ten – (minute – minutes – minutes' – minute's) break.
13- Ahmed is fat , he should (give – make – does – do) some exercise.
14- Doing exercise improves your (book – memory – eye – head)
15- (Walking – Sleeping – Eating – Drinking) is good exercise and improves your memory.
16-One shouldn't (spend – sit – walk – stay) up too late at night.
17- I will stay (up – on – in – at) tonight to finish my work.
18-In order to remember all the facts , you should have (little – few – many – enough) sleep.
19- Enough sleep helps you to (remember – remind – forget –member) all the facts.
20-To get high marks in the exam , you should (play – make – memorise –do) well.
21-Think (in – on – of – off) to make your revision interesting.
22-To be good at English , memorise the (factory – vocabulary – laboratory – wards) well.
23- He writes his name on paper and (steak – stop – stick – still) it on the wall.
24- Make lists and (diagrams – diagraph – dialogue – dial) to remember the vocabulary.
25- (Invent – Make _ Do – Discover) rhyme to help you memorise well.
26 – Try not to be (nerve – relax – quiet – nervous) before exams.
27- You will think more clearly if you (relax – quiet – quite – quit)
28- You should always (eats – eating – to eat – eat) healthy food.
29- You (should – shouldn't – can – must) smoke as it is harmful.
30-We (should – shouldn't – mustn't – may) eat healthy food.
31- You should always (make – do – makes – does) a revision timetable.
32- We (should – should have – shouldn't have – shouldn't) go to bed late.
33- My friend has (beat – beaten – win – won) the race.
34 – I have learnt to swim. (Good – Will- Well – Bad) done!

35- I will take part in the running (match – game – toy – race.)
36- My sister has got a new baby. (Congratulations – Congratulate – Will – Sad)!
37- To be at the top of your class is a great (achieve – achieving – achievement – prize.)
38-Dina learnt how to (do – make – play – drink) a cake .
39- How can you improve your (spelling – spilling – splitting – spoil)
40-You are an (excel – excellent – good – bad) cook.

1-Collecting stamps is my favourite (subject – game – sport – hobby).
2- Stick the (stamp – notebook – letter – book) on the envelope before posting it.
3- We put the letter into the (book – class – notebook - envelope) and send it.
4- Playing (cheese – chair – chess – stamps) helps you to think.
5- I can play chess with foreigners (on air – online – off line – on desk) .
6- I can (make – write – take – do) nice photos with my mobile.
7- My father used to (do – play – make – give) chess with my uncle.
8- She has got a new (sewing – washing – writing – printing) ,machine to sew our clothes.
9- To me playing chess is (more – much – good – most) exciting than a computer game.
10- You have to think very (careful – careless – carefully – care) while you are playing.
11- My grandfather (teach – learn – learnt – taught) me to play chess.
12- Chess is a great game for (all – whole – every – hall) ages .
13- I play chess (to – for – in with) my grandfather.
14- We always go to the (club – cup – class – room) to play with my friends.
15- My son enjoyed playing with children (on – of – off – over) his age.
16-Tourists from all (over – of – off – on) the world visit Egypt.
17- I started (take – taking – takes – took) photos when we went on a school trip.
18- We went on a school trip to (River – Sea – Lake – Ocean) Nasser.
19-The teachers put my photos in the school (magazine – door – library – class) .
20- I decided (to e-mail - e-mail – e-mailing – e-mails) my photos to tourist websites.
22- The tourist (class – leaflet – notebook – book) helps tourists to see our beloved country.

23- On my birthday , my family always give a big (party – part – parts – partition)
24- Which photo is (in – on – at – of) a tourist leaflet .
25- My hobby is playing (a – an – the – no article) chess .
26- I love walking on (a – an – the – no article) banks of the Nile
27 – My friend gives me (a – an – the – no article) idea about swimming.
28- Don't look straight at (a – an – the – no article) sun.
29- Egypt lies in the east north of (a – an – the – no article) Africa.
30 – My father bought a new car. (A – an - The - no article) car is big and comfortable.
31- I have (a – an – the – no article) interesting computer game .
32- (What – When - Where – Who) kind of things do people sometimes collect.
33-How (far – old – long – much) has Tarek been collecting stamps .
34- On playing tennis , you have to (serve – surf – safe – service) strongly .
35- I will go to the (ground – court – cart – earth) to play tennis.
36- Egyptian (waving – weave – wave - weaving) is very famous all over the world.
37- The centre teaches children to design and weave (carpets – cigarettes – pens – books)
38- Carpentry is a useful (court – jobs – cart – craft)
39- People wanted to learn the (traditional – tradition – modern – ancient) craft of weaving.
40- They can (introduce – product – pass -produce) beautiful tapestries .
41- The colours of the wool came from natural (dies – dyes – dying – die)
42 -These tapestries أقمشة مطرزة are made by good (teachers – doctors – weavers – nurses .)
43- I work hard at school (so that – to – so as to – in order to) I can succeed .
44- This dye will give the shirt a bright (form – frame – colour – calorie)
45- Can you (sewing – sew – sewn – saw) your own clothes.

TAPE SCRIPTS

نص الاستماع صفحة 4 السؤال الأول

1. Khaled: Mr Hamdi, can I ask you questions for my English homework? How long have you been teaching here ?



Mr Hamdi: For four years, Khaled.

Khaled: When did you start teaching?

Mr Hamdi: Ten years ago.

نص الاستماع صفحة 4 السؤال الثانى

2. Boy: I've been running every day for a month, but I 'm slow. What should I do to become faster?

Man: You should have lots of sleep and eat healthy food

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 11 صـ السؤال الأول

1. Ali: Did your father advise you?

Mohamed: Yes, he advised me to stay in the sun witout a sunhat.

Ali: What else did he say?

Mohamed: He said that I should leave my seat to the person who needs it on a bus.

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 11 صـ السؤال الثانى

Judy:I have an exam next week, Dad.

Father: You should always sleep ear/y before an exam, Judy.

Judy: Yes, I should also try not to get nervous.

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 12صـ السؤال الأول

It is important to save water. We can save water if we take short showers. We must turn off taps when we brush our teeth.

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 12صـ السؤال الثانى

Girl: My hobby is sewing clothes. My mother bought me a sewing machine last year. The first thing I made was a hat for my brother.

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 13صـ السؤال الأول

The first telephone was invented in the 1870s by Graham Bell. Before telephones, people used to communicate by letters, messengers, telegrams and many other ways.

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 13صـ السؤال الثانى

Narrator: Yaseen said that his cat was sick and that he had to take it to Dr Mohsen. Dr Mohsen said it needed medial he and rest.

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 14صـ السؤال الأول

My friend Ali is very ill in hospital. I visit him twice a day. He is not better, so I am very sad.

نص الاستماع للوحدة الـ 14صـ السؤال الثانى

Yuna is Japanese. She goes to secondary school. She doesn't have to wear a uniform, but she has to clean her school at lunchtime.

